**GoodSecurity Penetration Test Report**

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# **High-Level Summary**

GoodSecurity was tasked with performing an internal penetration test on GoodCorp’s CEO, Hans Gruber. An internal penetration test is a dedicated attack against internally connected systems. The focus of this test is to perform attacks, similar to those of a hacker and attempt to infiltrate Hans’ computer and determine if it is at risk. GoodSecurity’s overall objective was to exploit any vulnerable software and find the secret recipe file on Hans’ computer, while reporting the findings back to GoodCorp.

When performing the internal penetration test, there were several alarming vulnerabilities that were identified on Hans’ desktop. When performing the attacks, GoodSecurity was able to gain access to his machine and find the secret recipe file by exploiting two programs that had major vulnerabilities. The details of the attack can be found in the ‘Findings’ category.

# **Findings**

**Target Machine IP:** 192.168.0.20

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**Target Machine Hostname:** MSEDGEWIN10

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**Vulnerability Exploited:** **exploit/windows/http/icecast\_header**

* Note that the only exploit the pen test team performed was the Icecast Header Overwrite
* Note that in the Proof-of-Concept section of this report we identify a total of NINE known exploits that the Icecast Server is vulnerable too and that these exploits are publicly available via the Internet.
* Note that the Icecast Header Overwrite exploit has been documented on the searchsploit database and the exploit database and is listed on website: <http://www.exploit-db.com> as identifier CVE-2018-18820
* Search for Icecast using msfconsole to display the Icecast Header Overwrite exploit

Graphical user interface, text

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**Vulnerability Explanation:**

The payload: exploit/windows/http/icecast\_header exploits a buffer overflow in the header parsing of icecast versions 2.0.1 and earlier. This exploit will send 32 HTTP headers and cause a write one past the end of a pointer array. Basically, this can cause the system to crash or allow the attacker to establish remote access to the server or user via what is called a reverse shell.

In this specific example, GoodSecurity was able to establish a remote code access connection allowing the Penetration Team to see all files and directories inside the Icecast server, specifically GoodCorp’s CEO, Hans Gruber and the two files: user.secretfile.txt and Drinks.recipe.txt.

**Severity regarding the pen test exploit performed: exploit/windows/http/icecast\_header**

* GoodSecurity’s expert opinion considers the vulnerability: **EXTREME**

Diagram

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**Proof of Concept:**

1. Locate the IP address by performing a service and version scan:

* Nmap -sS -sV -O -Pn 162.168.0.20

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1. Search for any known exploits using searchsploit:

* Run Command: Searchsploit Icecast
* Searchsploit is an open-source database that hackers can use to reference known exploits
* Note that there are 9 publicly documented payloads designed to exploit the Icecast Server

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Attackers can also gain the same information using searchsploit via the internet:

* Attackers can reference the searchsploit database by accessing: <http://www.exploit-db.com>
* Note that the same payloads via the searchsploit database are the same using the exploit database website address
* All of these payloads can be delivered to attack or exploit the Icecast Server via publicly posted information leaving the Icecast Server extremely vulnerable
* This website is a popular public source of information documenting potential vulnerabilities. Simply search for Icecast and these 9 vulnerabilities will be displayed for any potential attacker to see. The Header Overwrite payload used by the GoodSecurity pen test team has been assigned the identifier [CVE-2018-18820](http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2018-18820).

Graphical user interface, text

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1. Search for the Icecast Modules:

* Note that this will show the exploit: exploit/windows/http/Icecast\_header
* This exploit will establish a remote connection to the Icecast Server

Graphical user interface, text

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1. Select the exploit: exploit/windows/http/Icecast-header

* This allows the attacker to establish the exploit to attack the Icecast Server

Graphical user interface, text, website

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1. Establish the Remote Host (RHOSTS)

* The RHOST establishes the server IP Address
* Set RHOSTS 192.168.0.20
* This is telling the exploit what IP Address to deliver the payload and exploit/attack the assigned IP Address

Text

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1. Run the exploit to establish remote connection

* NOTE that the exploit was successful, and the attacker now has gained access to the Icecast server

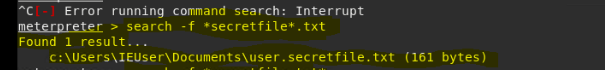
Graphical user interface, text, website

Description automatically generated

1. The attacker now has full access to the Icecast Server

* For this pen test we are looking specifically for two files
* Secretfile.txt and Drink.recipe.txt

Searching for the secretfile.txt:



* Note that the file was successfully located in the following directory:
  + C:\Users\IEUser\Documents\user.secretfile.txt

Picture of the file located in Users/IEuser/Documents

* NOTE that IEuser is the username for CEO Hans Gruber

Calendar

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

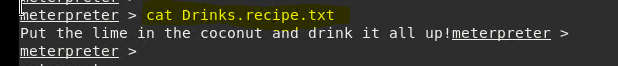
Picture of what is written inside the file user.secretfile.txt

* NOTE that the information inside the user.secretfile.txt is sensitive information

Text

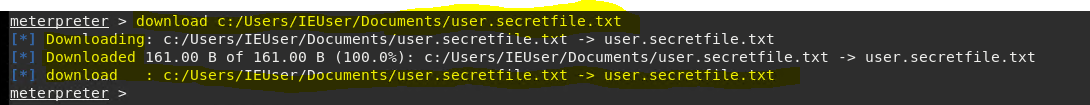
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* Following the same steps as above the pen test team was also able to exploit the Drink.recipe.txt file
* This file is also in the Users\IEuser\Documents directory associated with the CEO Hans Gruber

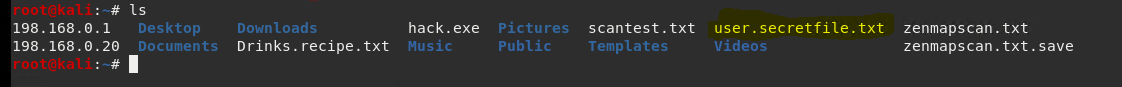


1. Downloading the two documents from the Icecast Server to the attacker laptop

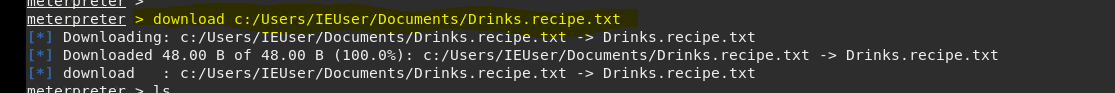
* This vulnerability is documenting how the pen test team was able to steal sensitive information just like an attacker would do by downloading the sensitive information to their laptop



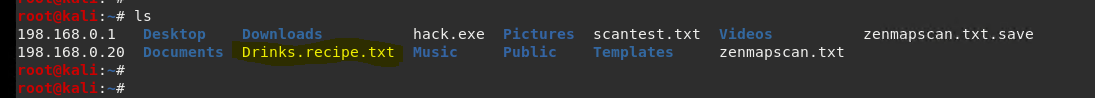
Picture of the user.secretfile.txt downloaded and saved to the attackers lap top



Picture of the Drinks.recipe.txt being downloaded from the Icecast Server to the attacker’s laptop



Picture of the Drinks.recipe.txt downloaded and saved to the attacker’s laptop



1. Uncovering additional vulnerabilities using Meterpreters local exploit suggester command

* Note that Meterpreters local exploit suggester is a popular command that documents known vulnerabilities.
* Note that the Meterpreters local exploit suggester shows two vulnerabilities
  + exploit/windows/local/ikeext\_service
  + exploit/windows/local/ms16\_075\_reflection

Text

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

1. Run a Meterpreter postscript that enumerates all logged on users.

* This command is a useful tool for attackers to discover who is currently logged in as well as recently logged on users
* This information gives an attacker a tactical advantage to perform a brute-force attack and gain access to a USER’s username and password
* From the picture below you can see that user IEuser is logged in on computerMSEDGWIN10
* You can also see that the attacker has gained information on two recent users that were logged into the network: sysadmin and vagrant
* Having access to these usernames is information attackers will use to gain access to the user’s password
* It is GoodSecurity’s expert opinion that the Icecast Server is vulnerable to XXS, Injection, and Brute-force attacks that given this information would allow even a novice hacker the ability to gain access to the Icecast Server Username and Password.

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1. Documenting the Shell Command

* Using the Shell Command, attackers can use Meterpreter shells to create a reverse-tcp connection
* This will allow the attacker the ability to download and steal sensitive/private data as well as exploit and deliver payloads to attack the target machine.
* These kinds of attacks and vulnerabilities can result in crashing the entire network, ransom ware/extortion and cause severe financial impact on the corporation

1. Documenting the sysinfo command:

* Attackers will use the sysinfo command to see the computer name, operating system and architecture, or version of the Windows Operating System
* This gives the attacker information on ways to exploit the target
* From the picture below you can see that the target is using Windows 10 x64. This tells the attacker what kind of payloads to look for.
* For example, an attacker will look for payloads that are intended for Windows 10 with an architecture of 64x

Graphical user interface, text

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# **Recommendations**

GoodSecurity performed a pen test on the Icecast server and discovered multiple vulnerabilities, payloads, and exploits. Specifically, GoodSecurity successfully ran the exploit/windows/http/icecast\_header payload which allowed GoodSecurity to establish what is referred to as a reverse shell, giving the GoodSecurity remote access to the Icecast server and all data stored in the Icecast Server. GoodSecurity was able to successfully download two specific files and save them to the GoodSecurity pen test team’s laptop.

**GoodSecurity Recommendations:**

The exploit: exploit/windows/http/icecast\_header (Icecast Header Overwrite) was the most sever vulnerability discovered. GoodSecurity recommends upgrading the Icecast Server Software to the most up-to-date version.

Regarding the IKEEXT and the ms16\_075 exploits documents in section Proof of Concept number nine, GoodSecurity recommends updating the applicable software and apply the available patches to resolve the vulnerabilities.

GoodSecurity also recommends applying a full system update on all software used in the Icecast Server which should resolve all vulnerabilities documented in Proof-of-Concept number two.

GoodSecurity recommends that the IT Department Admin update the Exploit Database by documenting all updates and patches have been performed. Then perform their own vulnerability assessment to verify that the vulnerabilities listed on the Exploit Database website (http://www.exploit-db.com) have been successfully resolved and is no longer vulnerable to attack.

GoodSecurity also recommends updating all firewall rules to meet current industry standards. This will also prevent against common XXS, Injections, and Brute-force attacks.

GoodSecurity also recommends a full review of all GoodCorp Security Policies and that security measures like user passwords are meeting basic security standards. For example, user passwords should be a minimum 10-character length and have at least one or two special characters. The policy should also require users to reset their passwords on a consistent basis.